Subject Description Form

Subject Code	APSS 5041				
Subject Title	Psychometric Theory and Scale Construction				
Credit Value	3				
Level	5				
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Recommended background knowle Basic concepts of inferential statis ANOVAs.	e	ession, correlation and		
Minimum Pass Grade	D				
Assessment Methods	100% Continuous Assessment	Individual Assessment	Group Assessment		
	1. Assignment30%2. Group Presentation		35%		
	3. Participation/ Quizzes	3. Participation/ Quizzes 35%			
	 Note: The grade is calculated according to the percentage assigned; The completion and submission of all component assignments are required for passing the subject; and Student must pass all component(s) if he/she is to pass the subject. 				
Objectives	 The subject aims to enable students: To equip students with core measurement theories requiring for conducting validation studies on summative instruments. To apply with reflection different qualitative and quantitative enquiry methods for collecting evidence on psychometric properties of instruments. To critically evaluate the appropriateness and usefulness of common summative instruments used in psychological practices. 				
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Evaluate and reflect relevance and representativeness of test content against theoretical constructs based on which the instrument is developed. b. Analyze characteristics of the instruments and evaluate the appropriateness of using specific method for gathering evidence on its reliability at an in-depth level. c. Evaluate critically psychometric properties of summative instruments based on evidence generated from structural and substantive validity. 				

	 d. Criticize strengths and weaknesses of validation studies of common summative instrument. e. Synthesize psychometric theories and design appropriate validation study on psychometric properties of instruments. 						
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Inferential statistics: explorative and confirmatory factor analyses Criterion- and norm-referenced testing Level of measurement and its relationship with psychometric analyses Introduction to classical test theory Concepts of reliability, i.e. coefficients of consistency and stability; different estimation methods: Cronbach's alpha, intraclass correlation, kappa Classical model of validity - its history, Cronbach and Meehl, Anastasi, Nunnally – content, structural, substantive and construct Messick's model of validation Norming and scaling 						
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The teaching methods used are lecture, tutorial and laboratory. Students will be given research papers, in-class exercise and quizzes to facilitate learning of concepts and knowledge on psychometrics. Students will conduct statistical analyses on data sets for learning of quantitative analyses. The group presentation and assignments are valuable venue for consolidating the knowledge and skills learnt in classes.						
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks% weightingIntended subject learning outcome be assessed (Please tick as appropri-						
Intended Learning Outcomes			a	b	c	d	e
	1. Assignment^	30 %	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
	2. Group Presentation*	35 %		\checkmark	\checkmark		
	3. Participation/ Quizzes^	35%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
	Total	100 %			1		
	*assessment is based on grou ^assessment is based on indiv In the group presentation and results obtained clinical/psychological in evidence of psychometr critically comment on improving the instrument the students to review to assessment components concepts in class. The	vidual effort on, the students a from published nstruments. In the ic properties of a strengths and w nt. The quizzes a he learnt materia are useful for cost	or non ne assign an instru veaknesse and parti als in rel nsolidati	n-publish ment, th ment bas es and s cipation iability a ng the le	ned studen sed on a suggest w in class and appli arning of	ies on nts will real data ways for activitie ed statis	specific generate a set and r further es enable stics. All pries and

	assignments will enrich the students' skills on designing future.	g validation studies in the		
Student Study	Class contact:			
Effort Required	Lectures and Tutorials	27 Hrs.		
	Class discussion	12 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:			
	 Preparation for tutorial and supervised practices 	35 Hrs.		
	 Private reading, self-reflection and writing task 	30 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort	104 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	Essential			
	 Furr, R. M., & Bacharach, V. R. (2018). <i>Psychometrics: An Introduction</i> (3rd ed.). Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Publications Ltd. Morgan, G. A., Leech, N. L., Gloeckner, G. W., & Barrett, K. C. (2014). <i>IBM SPSS for intermediate statistics: Use and interpretation</i> (5th ed.). New York: Routledge. Morgan, G. A., Barrett, K. C., Leech, N. L., & Gloeckner, G. W. (2019). <i>IBM SPSS for introductory statistics: Use and interpretation</i> (6th ed.). New York: Routledge. George, D., & Mallery, P. (2019). <i>IBM SPSS statistics 26 step by step: A simple guide and reference</i>. New York: Routledge. 			
	 Anastasi, A., & Urbina, S. (1997). <i>Psychological Testing</i> (7th ed.). Upper Sadd River, NJ: Simon & Schuster. Nunnally, J. C., Bernstein, I. H. (1994). <i>Psychometric Theory</i> (3rd ed.). New York McGraw-Hill, Inc. Clark, L. A., & Watson, D. (1995). Constructing validity: Basic issues in objective scale development. <i>Psychological Assessment</i>, 7(3), 309-319. 			
	 Haynes, S. N., Richard, D. C. S., & Kubany, E. S. (1995). Content validity psychological assessment: A functional approach to concepts and method <i>Psychological Assessment</i>, 7(3), 238-247. Blanton, H., & Jaccard, J. (2006). Arbitrary metrics in psychology. <i>Americ Psychologist</i>, 61(1), 27-41. 			
	Cronbach, L. J., & Meehl, P. E. (1955). Construct valid Psychological Bulletin, 52, 281-302.	lity in psychological tests.		

Messick, S. (1995). Validity of psychological assessment: Validation of inferences from persons' responses and performances as scientific inquiry into score meaning. <i>American Psychologist</i> , <i>50</i> (9), 741-749.
Fabrigar, L. R., Wegener, D. T., MacCallum, R. C., & Strahan, E. J. (1999). Evaluating the use of exploratory factor analysis in psychological research. <i>Psychological</i> <i>Methods</i> , 4(3), 272-299.
Stevens, S. S. (1945). On the theory of scales of measurement. <i>Science</i> , <i>103</i> (2684), 677-680.